



**VALUE
PARTNERS**
INVESTMENTS

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2025 AND 2024

MANAGER

VALUE PARTNERS INVESTMENTS INC.

PORTFOLIO MANAGER

CANSO INVESTMENT COUNSEL LTD.

MANAGEMENT REPORT

Management's Responsibility for Financial Reporting

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared by the management of Value Partners Investments Inc. (Value Partners), the Manager of the Value Partners Pools (the Pools), and approved by the Board of Directors of Value Partners.

Management is responsible for the information and representations contained in these financial statements. The Board of Directors of Value Partners is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements and overseeing management's performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Board of Directors will also review the adequacy of internal controls, the audit process and financial reporting with management and the external auditor.

Value Partners maintains appropriate processes to ensure that relevant and reliable financial information is produced. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards and include certain amounts that are based on estimates and judgments. The material accounting policies which management believes are appropriate for the Pools, are described in note 3 of the financial statements.

KPMG LLP is the external auditor of the Pools. The external auditor has audited the financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards to enable them to express to the unitholders their opinion on the financial statements. Their report is set out below.

On behalf of Value Partners Investments Inc.

Manager of the Pools

(signed) Paul Lawton

Paul Lawton
Chief Operating Officer and Secretary

(signed) Dean Bjarnarson

Dean Bjarnarson
Chief Financial Officer



KPMG LLP

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Unitholders of VPI Corporate Bond Pool

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of VPI Corporate Bond Pool (the Entity), which comprise:

- the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024
- the statements of comprehensive income for the years then ended
- the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units for the years then ended
- the statements of cash flows for the years then ended
- and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements).

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Entity as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, and its financial performance and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***" section of our auditor's report.

We are independent of the Entity in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information. Other information comprises:

- the information included in the Management Report of Fund Performance.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not and will not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.



In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit and remain alert for indications that the other information appears to be materially misstated.

We obtained the Management Report of Fund Performance as at the date of this auditor's report. If, based on the work we have performed on this other information, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact in the auditor's report.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with IFRS Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Entity or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Entity's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.



- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Entity to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

KPMG LLP

Chartered Professional Accountants

Winnipeg, Canada

March 16, 2026

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Statements of Financial Position

(In thousands of dollars and units, except for per unit amounts)

As at	December 31, 2025	December 31, 2024
Assets		
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (note 8)	\$ 718,243	\$ 630,880
Cash and cash equivalents	3,440	1,882
Unrealized gain on foreign currency forward contract	298	–
Accrued dividends receivable	11	10
Accrued interest receivable	5,004	5,125
Subscriptions receivable	756	3,425
Due from broker	31	–
	\$ 727,783	\$ 641,322
Liabilities		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 96	\$ 90
Redemptions payable	281	231
Management fees payable (notes 4 and 5)	434	367
Unrealized loss on foreign currency forward contract	–	2,702
Distributions payable	91	2,190
Due to broker	3,149	855
	4,051	6,435
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 723,732	\$ 634,887
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ 280,891	\$ 219,802
Series F	99,939	74,766
Series I	285,054	295,845
Series O	57,848	44,474
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ 10.64	\$ 10.76
Series F	10.35	10.53
Series I	10.31	10.51
Series O	10.30	10.50
Series P (note 1)	10.92	10.45
Number of redeemable units outstanding:		
Series A	26,410	20,437
Series F	9,655	7,098
Series I	27,656	28,150
Series O	5,619	4,236

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Statements of Comprehensive Income
(In thousands of dollars, except for per unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024
Income:		
Interest income for distribution purposes	\$ 26,671	\$ 27,079
Dividend income	95	56
Foreign exchange gain on cash	90	47
Other changes in fair value on financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:		
Net realized gain on sale of investments	16,040	5,946
Net realized loss (gain) on foreign currency forward contracts	1,076	(6,284)
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in value of investments	(17,667)	22,906
Net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on foreign currency forward contracts	3,000	(6,196)
	<u>29,305</u>	<u>43,554</u>
Expenses:		
Administration	182	165
Audit fees	15	21
Independent review committee fees	6	5
Security holder reporting costs	195	154
Custodian fees	28	26
Filing fees	35	34
Legal fees	6	9
Management fees (notes 4 and 5)	4,759	3,656
Registered plan fees	5	5
Trustee fees	6	7
Withholding Taxes	3	1
	<u>5,240</u>	<u>4,083</u>
Absorbed expenses (notes 4 and 5)	<u>(122)</u>	<u>(135)</u>
	<u>5,118</u>	<u>3,948</u>
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 24,187	\$ 39,606
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per series:		
Series A	\$ 6,534	\$ 11,289
Series F	2,959	4,090
Series I	12,743	21,930
Series O	1,951	2,297
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units per unit:		
Series A	\$ 0.29	\$ 0.62
Series F	0.37	0.70
Series I	0.46	0.77
Series O	0.42	0.77

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Attributable to Holders of Redeemable Units
(In thousands of dollars and units)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

	Series A		Series F		Series I		Series O		Total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, beginning of year	\$ 219,802	\$ 171,608	\$ 74,766	\$ 46,109	\$ 295,845	\$ 297,442	\$ 44,474	\$ 16,584	\$ 634,887	\$ 531,743
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	6,534	11,289	2,959	4,090	12,743	21,930	1,951	2,297	24,187	39,606
Redeemable unit transactions:										
Proceeds from redeemable units issued	105,870	76,096	39,770	34,859	10,782	16,283	23,535	31,034	179,957	158,272
Reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units	10,627	5,192	4,756	2,376	18,297	14,713	3,135	1,506	36,815	23,787
Redemption of redeemable units	(51,762)	(39,516)	(17,492)	(10,239)	(34,308)	(39,802)	(12,112)	(5,441)	(115,674)	(94,998)
	64,735	41,772	27,034	26,996	(5,229)	(8,806)	14,558	27,099	101,098	87,061
Distributions to holders of redeemable shares:										
Net investment income	(4,712)	(4,867)	(2,871)	(2,429)	(12,750)	(14,721)	(2,008)	(1,506)	(22,341)	(23,523)
Net realized gains on investments	(5,468)	–	(1,949)	–	(5,555)	–	(1,127)	–	(14,099)	–
Total distributions paid to holders of redeemable units	(10,180)	(4,867)	(4,820)	(2,429)	(18,305)	(14,721)	(3,135)	(1,506)	(36,440)	(23,523)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	61,089	48,194	25,173	28,657	(10,791)	(1,597)	13,374	27,890	88,845	103,144
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, end of year	\$ 280,891	\$ 219,802	\$ 99,939	\$ 74,766	\$ 285,054	\$ 295,845	\$ 57,848	\$ 44,474	\$ 723,732	\$ 634,887
Increase (decrease) in redeemable units outstanding:										
Beginning of year	20,437	16,485	7,098	4,496	28,150	29,024	4,236	1,619	59,921	51,624
Issued	9,770	7,205	3,759	3,361	1,023	1,561	2,232	2,996	16,784	15,123
Issued on reinvestment of distributions	992	492	454	229	1,748	1,419	300	145	3,494	2,285
Redeemed	(4,789)	(3,745)	(1,656)	(988)	(3,265)	(3,854)	(1,149)	(524)	(10,859)	(9,111)
Redeemable units outstanding, end of year	26,410	20,437	9,655	7,098	27,656	28,150	5,619	4,236	69,340	59,921
Weighted average units outstanding, during the year	22,858	18,234	8,031	5,842	27,473	28,414	4,599	2,996		

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Statements of Cash Flows
(In thousands of dollars)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

	2025	2024
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities:		
Increase in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units	\$ 24,187	\$ 39,606
Adjustments for:		
Foreign exchange gain on cash	(90)	(47)
Net realized gain on sale of investments	(16,040)	(5,946)
Change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in value of investments	17,667	(22,906)
Change in unrealized depreciation (appreciation) in foreign currency forward contracts	(3,000)	6,196
Purchases of investments	(595,437)	(436,073)
Proceeds from sale of investments	506,447	356,966
Accrued dividends receivable	(1)	(7)
Accrued interest receivable	121	(483)
Due from Manager	—	1
Due from broker	(31)	298
Due to broker	2,294	855
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6	22
Management fees payable	67	120
Net cash used in operating activities	(63,810)	(61,398)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities:		
Distributions paid to holders of redeemable units, net of reinvested distributions	(1,724)	270
Proceeds from redeemable units issued*	176,219	153,666
Redemption of redeemable units*	(109,217)	(91,361)
Net cash from financing activities	65,278	62,575
Foreign exchange gain on cash	90	47
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,558	1,224
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	1,882	658
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 3,440	\$ 1,882
Supplementary information:		
Dividends received, net of withholding tax	\$ 91	\$ 48
Interest received	26,792	26,596

* Excludes switches between series, as applicable.

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolios

(In thousands of dollars, except for units, shares or par value amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Government Bonds:						
2,679,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Jun-33	3.650	\$ 2,761	\$ 2,726	
6,000,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Mar-34	4.250	6,416	6,329	
13,100,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Mar-35	3.450	13,110	13,001	
25,484,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Sep-35	3.600	25,874	25,501	
10,500,000	Canada Housing Trust No 1	15-Mar-36	3.500	10,340	10,384	
2,500,000	Canadian Government Bond	01-Dec-30	0.500	2,218	2,217	
62,207,000	Canadian Government Bond	01-Jun-33	2.750	61,074	60,255	
21,918,000	Canadian Government Bond	01-Jun-34	3.000	21,747	21,423	
58,873,000	Canadian Government Bond	01-Jun-35	3.250	59,225	58,238	
60,777,000	Canadian Government Bond	01-Dec-35	3.250	60,950	59,898	
2,807,000	Canadian Government Real Return Bond	01-Dec-26	7.999	5,410	5,455	
5,559,000	Canadian Government Real Return Bond	1-Dec-50	0.636	5,298	5,148	
Total government bonds				274,423	270,575	37.39
Corporate bonds:						
1,543,000	407 International Inc.	03-Oct-35	4.110	1,543	1,533	
28,836,000	Air Canada	15-Aug-29	4.625	28,623	28,873	
712,000	AtkinsRealis Group Inc.	12-Jun-26	7.000	712	724	
3,865,000	Avis Budget Car Rental LLC	15-Jul-27	5.750	4,916	5,328	
827,000	Avis Budget Car Rental LLC	01-Apr-28	4.750	1,039	1,110	
3,315,000	Avis Budget Car Rental LLC	01-Mar-29	5.375	4,221	4,437	
2,738,000	Avis Budget Car Rental LLC	15-Jan-30	8.250	3,727	3,894	
1,661,000	Avis Budget Car Funding AESOP LLC	20-Oct-28	5.130	2,253	2,313	
950,000	Avis Budget Car Funding AESOP LLC	20-Aug-29	4.800	1,325	1,324	
1,200,000	Avis Budget Car Funding AESOP LLC	20-Jun-30	5.360	1,701	1,699	
5,508,000	Bank of Montreal	03-Jun-31	3.731	5,508	5,539	
9,262,000	Bank of Montreal	27-Jul-81	3.700	7,682	8,919	
10,000,000	Bank of Nova Scotia	27-Jun-31	3.734	9,999	10,054	
3,049,000	Bank of Nova Scotia	30-Jan-32	3.616	3,049	3,036	
1,605,090	Black Press Group Ltd.^	22-Mar-29	10.000	1,356	1,442	
16,900,000	Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce	10-Dec-30	3.800	16,943	17,087	
4,314,000	Cineplex Inc.	31-Mar-29	7.625	4,314	4,495	
350,000	Cineplex Inc.	01-Mar-30	7.750	364	449	
4,165,000	Enbridge Inc	9-Nov-27	5.700	4,163	4,394	
820,000	General Electric Co.	15-Aug-36	4.953	885	1,065	
4,712,000	Great-West Lifeco Inc.*	31-Dec-81	3.600	4,712	4,458	
1,522,000	Hertz Corp.	27-Dec-27	1.680	2,011	2,048	
1,402,273	Hertz Corp.	15-Jul-29	8.000	1,925	2,204	
10,757,000	Hertz Corp.	15-Jul-29	12.625	15,081	14,882	
9,635,000	Hertz Corp.	1-Dec-29	5.000	10,122	9,031	
12,403,000	Hydro One Inc.	21-Nov-33	3.900	12,395	12,379	
15,332,000	Manulife Financial Corp.	19-Jun-81	3.375	14,401	14,753	
13,733,000	Manulife Financial Corp.	19-Mar-82	4.100	12,801	13,037	
5,786,000	MassMutual Global Funding II	15-Jul-32	4.127	5,786	5,858	
10,644,000	New York Life Global Funding	17-Jun-32	4.000	10,707	10,708	
5,453,000	Pacific Life Global Funding II	29-Jul-32	4.195	5,453	5,548	
5,797,000	Royal Bank of Canada	22-Jul-31	3.985	5,797	5,893	
30,694,000	Royal Bank of Canada	09-Dec-31	3.572	30,559	30,556	
5,350,000	Royal Bank of Canada	31-Dec-49	4.200	5,350	5,142	
930,000	Royal Bank of Canada	29-Jun-85	4.172	952	1,176	
705,000	Spirit AeroSystems Inc.	15-Jun-26	3.850	900	964	
4,467,000	Spirit AeroSystems Inc.	15-Jun-28	4.600	5,057	6,135	

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolios

(In thousands of dollars, except for units, shares or par value amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Corporate bonds (continued):						
9,286,000	Sun Life Financial Inc.	30-Jun-81	3.600	\$ 9,063	\$ 8,928	
9,000,000	Toronto-Dominion Bank	2-Apr-29	4.232	9,000	9,304	
6,000,000	Toronto-Dominion Bank	31-Oct-30	4.002	6,046	6,111	
6,700,000	Toronto-Dominion Bank	10-Sep-31	3.605	6,700	6,692	
2,500,000	Toronto Dominion Bank	09-Jan-33	4.133	2,523	2,534	
9,657,000	Toronto-Dominion Bank	31-Oct-81	3.600	8,942	9,272	
11,400,000	Toyota Credit Canada Inc.	2-Oct-29	3.730	11,398	11,531	
7,821,000	TransCanada PipeLines Ltd.	15-May-67	6.683	7,175	9,512	
1,930,000	UBS Group AG	9-Jan-28	4.282	2,631	2,650	
7,850,000	VW Credit Canada Inc.	20-Aug-29	4.420	7,957	8,061	
2,390,000	WTH Car Rental ULC	20-Feb-27	6.028	2,390	2,451	
Total corporate bonds				322,069	326,616	45.12
Total Bonds				596,492	597,191	82.51
Term Loans:						
6,321,000	Corus Entertainment Inc.^	20-Mar-27	7.290	6,231	6,231	
5,212,896	Hertz Corp.	30-Jun-28	7.331	6,519	6,020	
1,027,936	Hertz Corp.	30-Jun-28	7.331	1,286	1,187	
4,218,673	Hertz Corp.	30-Jun-28	7.466	5,372	4,836	
Total term loans				19,408	18,274	2.54
Mortgage-backed securities:						
660	I.G Investment NHA*	01-Feb-26	3.350	—	—	
505	Caisse Acadienne NHA	01-Feb-27	2.518	—	—	
2,000,000	First National NHA	01-Jan-29	3.840	1,715	1,732	
8,970,000	Scotia Capital Inc. NHA	01-Mar-29	3.700	7,524	7,729	
5,000,000	Equitable Bank NHA	01-Mar-29	3.900	3,989	4,118	
1,500,000	First National NHA	01-Apr-29	4.190	1,298	1,336	
6,918,000	Scotia Capital Inc.	01-Jun-29	4.100	6,188	6,324	
7,800,000	BMO NHA	01-Sep-29	3.600	7,319	7,341	
9,800,000	Scotia Capital Inc. NHA	01-Sep-29	3.850	9,136	9,143	
4,000,000	Home Trust NHA	01-Oct-29	3.250	3,694	3,757	
600	Scotia Capital Inc. NHA	01-Feb-30	2.602	1	1	
6,000,000	RBC NHA	01-Jun-30	3.020	5,837	5,881	
8,800,000	TD Bank NHA	01-Jul-30	3.040	8,573	8,639	
4,989,000	First National NHA	01-Jul-30	3.240	4,853	4,877	
2,700,000	Laurentian Bank NHA	01-Jul-30	3.240	2,653	2,667	
2,800,000	First National NHA	01-Aug-30	3.240	2,747	2,760	
4,000,000	TD Bank NHA	01-Sep-30	3.000	3,939	3,939	
8,370,000	CIBC NHA	01-Sep-30	3.000	8,278	8,231	
15,503,000	TD Bank NHA	01-Sep-30	3.140	15,443	15,357	
Total mortgage-backed securities				\$ 93,187	\$ 93,832	12.97
Equities:						
Capital goods:						
87,421	Bird Construction Inc.			570	2,493	
5,300	The Boeing Company			369	502	
				939	2,995	0.41

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolios

(In thousands of dollars, except for units, shares or par value amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Number of units, shares or par value	Description	Maturity date	Coupon rate %	Average cost	Fair value	% of net assets
Energy:						
4,164,902	FLINT Corp.			\$ 8,285	\$ 5,664	0.78
Media and entertainment:						
161,469	Black Press^			161	161	
26,373	Postmedia Network Canada Corp.^			55	26	
				216	187	0.03
Telecommunication services:						
37,277	X-Spectrum 1 Inc.^			–	10	
61,069	X-Spectrum 2 Inc.^			–	–	
				–	10	0.00
Total equities				9,440	8,856	1.22
Summary:						
Government Bonds				274,423	270,575	37.39
Corporate Bonds				322,069	326,616	45.12
Term loans				19,498	18,364	2.54
Mortgage-backed securities				93,187	93,832	12.97
Equities				9,440	8,856	1.22
				718,617	718,243	99.24
Total financial assets at FVTPL				718,617	718,243	99.24
Cash:						
Domestic				3,309	3,309	
Foreign				131	131	
Total cash				3,440	3,440	0.48
Forward currency forward contracts					(298)	(0.04)
Other assets less liabilities					1,751	0.24
Net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units					\$ 723,732	100.00

^Level 3 Securities

* The issuer of this security is related to the Manager (See Note 1).

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Schedule of Investment Portfolios

(In thousands of dollars, except for units, shares or par value amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

Forward currency contracts:

The Pool has the following forward currency contracts outstanding as at December 31, 2025:

Currency to purchase	Amount	Fair value to purchase	Currency to deliver	Amount	Fair value to deliver	Unrealized gain (loss)	Expiry date
CAD	\$ 83,353	\$ 83,353	USD	\$ 60,785	\$ 83,055	\$ 298	March 2026

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

1. Reporting entity:

- (a) VPI Corporate Bond Pool (the Pool) is an open-ended mutual fund trust, established on June 24, 2020 by declaration of trust under the laws of the Province of Ontario. As of June 24, 2020 the registered office of the Pool is located at 300-175 Hargrave St., Winnipeg, Manitoba. The trustee of the Pool is RBC Investor Services Trust and the Manager of the Pool is Value Partners Investments Inc. (VPI or the Manager), which is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of The Canada Life Assurance Company, a subsidiary of Power Corporation of Canada.

The Pool commenced operations on June 24, 2020 with Series A, Series F and Series O. Effective June 15, 2022 all Series O units were renamed as Series I units. Effective June 28, 2022, Series O units of the Pool were qualified for distribution. Effective June 27, 2024, Series P units of the Pool were qualified for distribution and as at December 31, 2025 and 2024, one unit has been issued.

The Pool's objective is to preserve capital while providing a reasonable level of income and the potential for long-term capital growth by investing primarily in fixed income securities.

- (b) Redeemable units issued and outstanding are considered to be capital of the Pool. The Pool's authorized capital consists of an unlimited number of units and series without par value. The number of outstanding units of each series is disclosed in the statements of financial position.

Series A units are subject to a negotiated sales commission payable by the investor at the time of purchase. Series F units are only available to investors that have a fee-based account with a dealer that has signed a Series F agreement with the Manager. Series I units are available to investors who have, or whose dealer has, entered into an agreement directly with the Manager to purchase Series I units and who make the required minimum investment and minimum additional investment as set out by the Manager from time to time. Such investors may include investors who opened a discretionary investment management account with the Manager prior to on or about September 30, 2022, certain institutional investors as approved by the Manager and other mutual funds managed by the Manager. Series O units of the Pool are available to investors who have entered into a discretionary investment management account with the Manager. Series P units are available to investors who have a discretionary investment management account with a dealer who has signed a Series P agreement with the Manager.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

1. Reporting entity (continued):

Except for Series I, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. Proportionate fund expenses for Series I, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series I, are paid by the Manager. Distributions of each series may vary due to the differences in expenses between the series.

- (c) Unitholders may redeem all or part of their units by delivering a written request to do so to the Manager or Trustee or to an investment dealer, securities dealer or mutual fund dealer for delivery to the Manager or Trustee. Units will be redeemed at the net asset value per unit as determined on the next valuation date. Requests for redemption received after 4:00 p.m., Toronto time, on any day are deemed to be received on the first business day following the date of the actual receipt.

2. Basis of preparation:

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with IFRS Accounting Standards (IFRS).

The financial statements were authorized for issue by the Manager on behalf of the board of directors on March 16, 2026.

(a) Basis of measurement:

The financial statements have been prepared on an historical cost basis except for investments at fair value through profit or loss and derivatives, which are measured at fair value.

(b) Functional and presentation currency:

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Pool's functional currency. All financial information presented in Canadian dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

(c) Use of estimates and judgments:

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

2. Basis of preparation (continued):

(c) Use of estimates and judgments (continued):

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

The most significant judgments made by the Manager in preparing these financial statements is in determining the fair value of financial instruments not traded in an active market, if any, under IFRS 13 - *Fair Value Measurement* (IFRS 13).

3. Material accounting policies:

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

(a) Financial instruments:

(i) Classification and measurement:

Financial assets are required to be classified into one of the following categories: fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL), amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) based on the entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost or FVTPL. A financial liability is classified as at FVTPL if it is classified as held-for-trading, it is derivative or it is designated as such on initial recognition.

Assessment and decision on the business model approach used is an accounting judgement.

All financial instruments are measured at fair value on initial recognition. Measurement in subsequent periods depends on the classification of the financial instrument. Transaction costs are included in the initial carrying amount of financial instruments except for financial instruments classified as FVTPL, in which case transaction costs are expensed as incurred.

Financial instruments held-for trading or at FVTPL are recognized initially on the trade date, which is the date on which the Pool becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Other financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized on the date on which they are originated. The Pool derecognizes a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(a) Financial instruments (continued):

(i) Classification and measurement (continued):

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position only when the Pool has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

At December 31, 2025 and 2024, no amounts have been offset in the statements of financial position.

(ii) FVTPL:

Financial instruments classified as FVTPL are subsequently measured at fair value at each reporting period with changes in fair value recognized in the statements of comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. The Pool has classified its investments in securities, derivative financial assets and derivative financial liabilities as FVTPL.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives and marketable securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the reporting date. The Pool uses the last traded market price for both financial assets and financial liabilities where the last traded price falls within that day's bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Manager determines the point within the bid-ask spread that is most representative of fair value based on the specific facts and circumstances. The Pool's policy is to recognize transfers into and out of the fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances giving rise to the transfer.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market, including derivative instruments, is determined using valuation techniques. Valuation techniques also include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, and others commonly used by market participants and which make the maximum use of observable inputs. Should the value of the financial asset or liability, in the opinion of the Manager, be inaccurate, unreliable or not readily available, the fair value is estimated on the basis of the most recently reported information of a similar financial asset or liability.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(a) Financial instruments (continued):

(ii) FVTPL (continued):

The Pool's accounting policies for measuring the fair value of investments are consistent with those used for measuring its net asset value for transactions with unitholders.

(iii) Amortized cost:

Financial instruments classified under amortized cost include financial assets that are held to collect contractual cash flows and are expected to give rise to cash flows representing solely payments of principal and interest and financial liabilities not classified as FVTPL. Such financial assets and liabilities are recognized initially at fair value plus any directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement of these financial assets and financial liabilities is at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

The Pool classifies cash, accrued dividends receivable, accrued interest receivable for distribution purposes, due from Manager, subscriptions receivable, due from broker, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, redemptions payable, management fees payable, distributions payable, due to Manager and due to broker as amortized cost. Cash includes cash on deposit with the custodian. At December 31, 2025 and 2024, cash and cash equivalents consists only of cash.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial asset or liability and of allocating interest income or expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial asset or liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period.

(iv) Impairment:

For financial assets measured at amortized cost, the Pool uses an expected credit loss (ECL) impairment model. The ECL model uses an allowance for expected credit losses being recorded regardless of whether or not there has been an actual loss event.

The Pool measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime ECL for trade and other receivables. Lifetime ECL's are the ECL's that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade and other receivables. ECL's are a probability-weighted estimate of credit losses.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(a) Financial instruments (continued):

(iv) Impairment (continued):

Credit losses are measured as the present value of all cash shortfalls (that being the difference between the cash flows due to the Pool in accordance with the contract and the cash flows that the Pool expects to receive). ECL's are discounted at the effective interest rate of the financial asset.

(v) Foreign currency forward contracts:

The value of a foreign currency forward contract is the gain or loss that would be realized if, on the date that valuation is made, the positions were closed out. It is reflected in the statements of financial position as part of "net change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in foreign currency forward contracts" and the change in value over the period is reflected in the statements of comprehensive income as part of "change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) in foreign currency forward contracts". When the foreign currency forward contracts are closed out, gains and losses are realized and are included in the "net realized gain (loss) on foreign currency forward contracts" in the statements of comprehensive income.

(b) Redeemable units:

The Pool classifies financial instruments issued as financial liabilities or equity instruments in accordance with the substance of the contractual terms of the instruments. The Pool has multiple classes of redeemable units that do not have identical features and are equally subordinated and therefore do not qualify as equity under International Accounting Standard (IAS) 32, *Financial Instruments - presentation* (IAS 32). The redeemable units, which are measured at the redemption amounts and are considered a residual amount of the net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, provide investors with the right to require redemption, subject to available liquidity, for cash at a unit price based on the Pool's valuation policies at each redemption date.

(c) Foreign currency:

The Pool's subscriptions and redemptions are denominated in Canadian dollars, which is also its functional and presentation currency. Foreign denominated investments and other foreign denominated assets and liabilities are translated into Canadian dollars using the exchange rates prevailing on each valuation date. Purchases and sales of investments, as well as income and expense transactions denominated in foreign currencies, are translated using exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(c) Foreign currency (continued):

Foreign exchange gains and losses relating to cash are presented as 'Foreign exchange gain (loss) on cash' and those relating to other financial assets and liabilities are presented within 'Net realized gain' and 'Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation)' in the statements of comprehensive income.

(d) Investment transactions and revenue recognition:

Interest income for distribution purposes from investments in bonds and short-term investments represents the coupon interest received by the Pool accounted for on an accrual basis. The Pool does not use the effective interest method to amortize premiums paid or discounts received on the purchase of fixed-income securities. Dividend income is recognized on the date that the right to receive payment is established, which for quoted equity securities is usually the ex-dividend date. Portfolio transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains and losses arising from the sale of investments are determined on the average cost basis of the respective investments.

(e) Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit:

Increase (decrease) in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units, per unit in the statements of comprehensive income represents the net increase (decrease) in the net assets from operations for each series for the period divided by the weighted average units outstanding for each series for the period.

(f) Income taxes:

The Pool qualifies as a Mutual Fund Trust as defined in the *Income Tax Act* (Canada). Pursuant to the terms of the Declaration of Trust establishing the Pool, it is considered to distribute annually to the unitholders all of the net taxable income, including net realized gains on sale of investments, and such distributions are immediately reinvested in units of the Pool.

In general, the Pool is subject to income tax, however no income tax is payable on net income and/or net realized capital gains which are distributed to unitholders. In addition, income taxes payable on net realized capital gains is refundable on a formula basis when units of the Pool are redeemed.

Capital losses are available to be carried forward indefinitely and applied against future capital gains. Any non-capital losses that are realized in the taxation year 2006 and after may be carried forward for 20 years and applied against future income and capital gains.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

3. Material accounting policies (continued):

(g) Accounting standards issued but not yet effective:

The International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) issued IFRS 18, Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements (IFRS 18) on April 9, 2024, which will replace IAS 1, Presentation of Financial Statements.

This new standard, effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2027, aims to improve financial statement comparability and transparency by introducing a more structured statement of comprehensive income.

Key changes include new categories for income and expenses (operating, investing, and financing), defined subtotals like operating profit, and requirements for management-defined performance measures. It is anticipated the Pool's classification of income and expenses, particularly within the operating category, will be impacted. The Manager is assessing the implications of IFRS 18 and its impact on the Pool's financial statements and disclosures.

In May 2024, the IASB issued amendments to IFRS 9 *Financial Instruments* and IFRS 7 *Financial Instruments: Disclosures*.

These amendments relate to classification of financial assets and accounting for settlement by electronic payments in the context of the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9. The potential impact may include, but is not limited to, a change in timing of recognition and derecognition of financial instruments in certain situations in which settlement takes more than a day. These amendments also introduced an accounting policy choice to derecognize financial liabilities settled using an electronic payment system before the settlement date. These amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2026, with early adoption permitted. The Manager is currently evaluating the impact that these amendments will have on the financial statements.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

4. Management fees and expenses:

Except for Series I, Series O and Series P units, the Manager of each series of units is entitled to a monthly management fee from the Pool based on a percentage of the net asset value of each series of units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at the following annual rates:

Series A	1.50%
Series F	0.75%

The Manager offers a management fee reduction program to qualified investors in Series A and Series F units. If the unitholder qualifies under this program, the management fee charged to the Pool is reduced and the Pool distributes the amount of the reduction to the investor by way of a management fee distribution. Management fee distributions are automatically reinvested in additional units of a particular series of the Pool unless negotiated otherwise with the Manager. Reinvested management fee distributions are included within “reinvestment of distributions to holders of redeemable units” on the statements of changes in net assets attributable to holders of redeemable units.

No management fee is charged to the Pool with respect to Series I and Series P units. For Series I units, each investor negotiates a separate fee that is paid directly to the Manager. For Series P units, the dealer pays a fee directly to the Manager on behalf of its discretionary investment management accounts. Series O units of the Pool pay a portfolio management fee based on a percentage of the net asset value of Series O units as of the close of business on each business day calculated at a rate of 0.30% annually.

Except for Series I units, in addition to the management fee, each series of units pays its proportionate share of common operating expenses of the Pool, in addition to expenses that are unique to that series. These expenses include, but are not limited to audit, legal and filing fees, custodial, recordkeeping and trustee fees, transfer agent fees, investor servicing costs, taxes, compensation and expenses of the Independent Review Committee, and costs of unitholder reports, financial reporting, prospectuses, regulatory filings, and other communications. Brokerage commissions and transaction costs for buying and selling investments for the Pool's portfolio are also paid by the Pool, as well as the costs and expenses related to holding any meeting convened by unitholders. The Manager may, at its own discretion, absorb a portion of the operating expenses of Series A, Series F, Series O or Series P units from time to time.

Proportionate fund expenses for Series I units, both common fund expenses, as well as expenses unique to Series I, are fully absorbed by the Manager.

The Manager absorbed a portion of the operating expenses (note 5) of the Pool during the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

5. Related party transactions:

Related party balances of the Pool as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 are as follows:

	2025	2024
Management fees payable	\$ 434	\$ 367

Related party transactions of the Pool for the for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	2025	2024
Management fees	\$ 4,759	\$ 3,656
Absorbed expenses	(122)	(135)

These transactions are in the normal course of operations and are measured at the exchange amount which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties.

As of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, the Manager or parent company of the Manager held the following number of units in the Pool:

	2025	2024
Series O	1	1
Series P	1	1

At December 31, 2025 the VPI Income Pool holds 23,607,644 (2024 - 24,262,225) Series I units of the Pool. The VPI Income Pool is managed by the same Manager as the Pool.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

6. Brokerage commissions:

Commissions paid to brokers for portfolio transactions for the years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024 is disclosed in the statements of comprehensive income.

There were no soft dollar commissions paid during years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024.

7. Income taxes:

As of December 31, 2025 and 2024, there were no non-capital losses available for carry forward.

Capital losses available for carry forward as of December 31, 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

	2025	2024
Capital losses	\$ —	\$ 2,252

8. Financial risk management:

The investment activities of the Pool expose the Pool to various types of financial risks. The Manager seeks to minimize potential adverse effects of these risks on the Pool by contracting a professional, experienced portfolio manager, by monitoring the Pool and market events on a daily basis, and by diversifying the investment portfolio within the parameters of the investment objective and strategy. The most significant risks include market risk (other price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. These risks and related risk management practices employed by the Pool are discussed below:

(i) Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the value of financial instruments will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether caused by factors specific to an individual investment, its issuer, or all factors affecting all instruments traded in a market or market segment. The maximum risk resulting from financial instruments held by the Pool is determined by the fair value of the financial instruments. The portfolio manager moderates this risk through a careful selection of securities within specified parameters established for the Pool.

For the Pool, the most significant exposure to other price risk arises from investments in equity securities.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(i) Other price risk (continued):

The following table shows the exposure of the Pool to equity securities and indicates the impact on net assets if the prices of the equity securities on the respective stock exchanges increased or decreased by 5 percent, with all other variables held constant.

	Fair value of equities	% of net assets	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2025	\$ 8,856	1.22%	\$ 443	0.06%
As at December 31, 2024	5,444	0.86%	272	0.04%

(ii) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk arises on interest-bearing financial instruments such as bonds. The Pool is exposed to this risk to the extent that the fair value of interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in the prevailing levels of market interest rates. Generally these securities increase in value when interest rates fall and decrease in value when interest rates rise.

The tables below summarize the Pool's exposure to interest rate risk. They include the Pool's assets and trading liabilities at fair values, categorized by the earlier of contractual re-pricing or maturity dates.

As at December 31, 2025	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Non- interest bearing	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 7,143	\$ 40,399	\$ 222,339	\$ 439,506	\$ 8,856	\$ 718,243

As at December 31, 2024	Less than 1 year	1 - 3 years	3 - 5 years	Greater than 5 years	Non- interest bearing	Total
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 12,134	\$ 113,661	\$ 222,400	\$ 277,241	\$ 5,444	\$ 630,880

At December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024, should interest rates have increased or decreased by 25 basis points, excluding cash and treasury bills and assuming a parallel shift in the yield curve, with all other variables held constant, net assets for the Pool would have approximately increased or decreased as indicated in the following table.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(ii) Interest rate risk (continued):

The Pool's sensitivity to interest rates was estimated using the weighted average duration of the bond portfolio.

	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
As at December 31, 2025	\$ 8,491	1.17%
As at December 31, 2024	5,730	0.90%

(iii) Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation or commitment that it has entered into with the Pool. The Pool's greatest concentration of credit risk is in debt securities. The fair value of debt securities includes consideration of the credit worthiness of the debt issuer. The carrying amount of these investments represents the maximum credit risk exposures as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024.

All transactions in listed securities are settled/paid for upon delivery using approved brokers. The risk of default is considered minimal, as delivery of securities sold is only made once the broker has received payment. Payment is made on a purchase once the securities have been received by the broker.

The Pool may enter into foreign currency forward contracts to buy and sell currencies for the purpose of settling foreign securities transactions. These are short-term spot settlements carried out with counterparties with a credit rating of at least "A." The exposure to credit risk on these contracts is considered minimal as there are few contracts outstanding at any one time and the transactions are settled and paid for upon delivery.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(iii) Credit risk (continued):

Debt securities in the Pool by credit rating are as follows:

As at December 31, 2025	% of debt securities	% of net assets
AAA	52.10%	51.13%
AA	3.16%	3.10%
A	18.31%	17.97%
BBB	13.90%	13.64%
BB	0.87%	0.85%
B	5.87%	5.76%
CCC	2.45%	2.40%
CC	0.21%	0.20%
N/R	3.13%	3.07%
	100.00%	98.12%

As at December 31, 2024	% of debt securities	% of net assets
AAA	47.72%	47.05%
AA	2.01%	1.98%
A	13.31%	13.12%
BBB	18.73%	18.45%
BB	5.51%	5.43%
B	6.24%	6.15%
CCC	3.42%	3.38%
N/R	3.06%	3.02%
	100.00%	98.58%

(iv) Liquidity risk:

The Pool is exposed to liquidity risk to the extent that it is subject to daily cash redemptions of redeemable units. Therefore, the Pool invests the majority of its assets in investments that are traded in an active market and can be readily disposed of. In addition, the Pool retains sufficient cash positions to maintain liquidity.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(v) Currency risk:

The Pool uses the Canadian dollar as its functional and reporting currency. Currency risk is the risk that the value of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the Canadian dollar (the functional currency of the Pool), will fluctuate due to changes in exchange rates.

The only foreign currency to which the Pool was exposed at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024 was the U.S. dollar.

The following tables illustrate the potential impact to the Pool's net assets, all other variables held constant, as a result of a 5 percent change in these currencies relative to the Canadian dollar.

As at December 31, 2025	Foreign currencies (\$)	Foreign currency forward contracts	Net exposure	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 82,315	\$ (83,055)	\$ (740)	\$ (37)	(0.01)%
Cash	131	–	131	7	0.00%
Other assets less liabilities	601	–	601	30	0.00%
	\$ 83,047	\$ (83,055)	\$ (8)	\$ (0)	(0.01)%

As at December 31, 2024	Foreign currencies (\$)	Foreign currency forward contract	Net exposure	Impact on net assets (\$)	Impact on net assets (%)
Financial assets at FVTPL	\$ 138,315	\$ (143,166)	\$ (4,851)	\$ (243)	(0.04)%
Cash	120	–	120	6	0.00%
Other assets less liabilities	2,500	–	2,500	125	0.02%
	\$ 140,935	\$ (143,166)	\$ (2,231)	\$ (112)	(0.02)%

(vi) Concentration risk:

Concentration risk arises as a result of the concentration of exposures within the same category, whether it is geographical location, product type, industry sector or counterparty type. The market segments are represented as a percentage of financial assets at FVTPL.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(vi) Concentration risk (continued):

The following is a summary of the Pool's concentration risk:

Market segment	December 31,	December 31,
Long	2025	2024
	%	%
Government bonds	37.67	32.01
Corporate bonds	45.47	53.31
Term loans	2.56	1.78
Mortgage backed securities	13.06	12.04
Capital goods	0.42	0.43
Energy	0.79	0.40
Media and entertainment	0.03	0.03
	100.00	100.00

(vii) Offsetting financial instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the statements of financial position where the Pool has a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realized the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The Pools have not offset any financial assets and financial liabilities in the statements of financial position.

The disclosures set out in the tables below include financial assets and liabilities that are subject to master netting arrangements or similar agreement, including derivative clearing agreements, that covers similar financial instruments as at December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

As at December 31, 2025:

Type of financial instrument	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets and liabilities	Net amounts presented in the statement of financial position	Related amounts not offset in the statement of financial position				Net amount
			Financial instruments	Cash collateral pledged			
Foreign exchange forward contracts - assets	\$ 298	\$ 298		\$ -	\$ -		\$ -

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

8. Financial risk management (continued):

(vii) Offsetting financial instruments (continued):

As at December 31, 2024:

Type of financial instrument	Gross amounts of recognized financial assets and liabilities	Net amounts presented in the statement of financial position	Related amounts not offset in the statement of financial position			Net amount
			Financial instruments	Cash collateral pledged		
Foreign exchange forward contracts - liabilities	\$ (2,702)	\$ (2,702)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (2,702)	

(viii) Other risk:

Unexpected volatility or illiquidity could occur due to legal, political, regulatory, economic or other developments, such as public health emergencies, including an epidemic or pandemic, natural disasters, war and related geopolitical risks, and may impair the portfolio manager's ability to carry out the objectives of the Pool or cause the Pools to incur losses. Neither the duration nor ultimate effect of any such market conditions, nor the degree to which such conditions may worsen can be predicted.

9. Fair value disclosure:

(i) Valuation models:

The Pool's assets and liabilities recorded at fair value have been categorized based upon a fair value hierarchy. The fair value of a financial instrument is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The Pool's financial instruments are recorded at fair value or at amounts that approximate fair value in the financial statements. The Pool classifies fair value measurements within a hierarchy which gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are:

Level 1: Inputs that reflect unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the Manager has the ability to access at the measurement date.

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

Notes to Financial Statements

(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

9. Fair value disclosure (continued):

(i) Valuation models (continued):

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.

Level 3: Inputs that are unobservable. There is little if any market activity. Inputs into the determination of fair value require significant management judgment or estimation.

A financial instrument's level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Changes in valuation methods may result in transfers into, or out of, a financial instrument's assigned level.

(ii) Fair value hierarchy - financial instruments measured at fair value:

The following tables present information about the Pool's assets which are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2025 and December 31, 2024:

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2025:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 8,659	\$ –	\$ 197	\$ 8,856
Bonds	–	595,749	1,442	597,191
Term Loans	–	12,043	6,321	18,364
Mortgage-backed securities	–	93,832	–	93,832
Foreign currency forward contracts	–	298	–	298
	\$ 8,659	\$ 701,922	\$ 7,960	\$ 718,541

Financial assets at fair value as at December 31, 2024:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Equities	\$ 2,743	\$ 31	\$ 2,670	\$ 5,444
Bonds	–	529,665	8,630	538,295
Term Loans	–	11,235	–	11,235
Mortgage-backed securities	–	75,906	–	75,906
	\$ 2,743	\$ 616,837	\$ 11,300	\$ 630,880

VPI CORPORATE BOND POOL

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(In thousands of dollars, except for unit amounts)

Years ended December 31, 2025 and 2024

9. Fair value disclosure (continued):

(ii) Fair value hierarchy - financial instruments measured at fair value (continued):

Financial liabilities at fair value as at December 31, 2024:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Foreign currency forward contracts	\$ –	\$ (2,702)	\$ –	\$ (2,702)

During the year ended December 31, 2025, \$3,311 was transferred from level 3 to level 2. During the year ended December 31, 2024, \$6,545 was transferred from level 2 to level 3. The financial instruments not measured at FVTPL are short-term financial assets and financial liabilities whose carrying amounts approximate fair value.

(iii) Reconciliation of Level 3:

Level 3 securities have been valued based upon third party broker quotes provided without a range, pricing services and valuation models.

For the year ended December 31, 2025:

	Balance at December 31, 2024	Purchases	Sales	Net transfers In (out)	Realized gain (loss)	Unrealized gain (loss)	Balance at December 31, 2025
Bonds	\$ 8,630	\$ 79	\$ (7,099)	\$ –	\$ 492	\$ (660)	\$ 1,442
Term loans	–	6,321	–	–	–	–	6,321
Equities	2,670	–	–	(3,311)	–	838	197
	\$ 11,300	\$ 6,400	\$ (7,099)	\$ (3,311)	\$ 492	\$ 178	\$ 7,960

For the year ended December 31, 2024:

	Balance at December 31, 2023	Purchases	Sales	Net transfers In (out)	Realized gain (loss)	Unrealized gain (loss)	Balance at December 31, 2024
Bonds	\$ 3,573	\$ –	\$ (1,454)	\$ 6,384	\$ 21	\$ 106	\$ 8,630
Equities	2,879	–	–	161	–	(370)	2,670
	\$ 6,452	\$ –	\$ (1,454)	\$ 6,545	\$ 21	\$ (264)	\$ 11,300

The net change in unrealized gain related to Level 3 investments held at December 31, 2025 was \$178 (2024 - change in unrealized loss of \$303). Changing one or more inputs to reasonably possible alternative assumptions for valuing level 3 financial instruments would not significantly affect the fair value of those instruments.